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FRIDAY, OCTOBER 6, 1905.

WEATHER BULLETIN.  
 WASHINGTON, Oct. 6.—For lower Michigan: Showers, cooler, brisk and high southeast shifting to west winds.

JUDGE LONG'S TEST.

Justice Long has entered a petition in the supreme court of the District of Columbia to have the pension commission cited to show cause why he does not pay the pensioner the pension granted to him according to law, and for such other relief as may be just. The pensioner represents that he is an invalid veteran suffering from dangerous and painful wounds received in battle; that his pension, which was duly granted according to law, was suspended by the pension commission without notice of any kind being given to him. Justice Long argues that the suspension of his pension by the pension commission is in violation of the express laws of the government affecting such cases and is in contravention of the constitution, which provides that no man shall be deprived of "property without due process of law." He asserts that his pension is property in the same sense that any private property is, in the form of a written obligation, is property. To this petition the pension commission will reply that he has full authority to suspend a pension and that it is his duty to exercise that authority when in his opinion a reason exists. He will also contend that a pension is not property until the pensioner gets his money. He will plead that inasmuch as Congress has power to repeal all pension laws there is no property interest in the right to draw a pension, which right is certified by the government itself. Judge Long's logic in this respect is faulty. Congress has the unquestioned power to repeal all currency laws and repudiate its notes, bonds and certificates of debt. It would not be held that because Congress has power to do this that all such securities are worthless until paid and redeemed in gold. The holder of a five-dollar note possesses the promise of the United States to pay; the holder of a pension certificate possesses precisely the same thing. If the five-dollar note is property so is the pension certificate. The power of Congress over such is identical. But the fact that a test will be made will be joyful news to the veterans. It will finally establish the rights of pensioners.

MRS. HOWARD'S CASE.

After a full and fair hearing Judge Perkins entered an order directing that the Howard children be committed to the Coldwater asylum. It will be remembered that a like order was entered in the same case upon the testimony of the prosecution alone. The Herald called attention to the undue haste which characterized the adjudication of a case in which a mother was to be perpetually separated from her children, and insisted that the mother should not be esteemed less highly than the mother of the gentlest woman in the world. Thereupon Judge Perkins, evidently appreciating the soundness of the arguments used by THE HERALD, reopened the case and granted the mother time and opportunity to disprove the accusations lodged against her. She availed herself thereof and upon the hearing, by her own witnesses, submitted evidence tending to show that she is utterly unfit to have the custody of her children. She can have no just reason for complaint now that an impartial trial has been had. The rights guaranteed to every person were secured to her by the intervention of THE HERALD. With all the facts in view it would seem that a complaint against the mother for vagrancy or disorderly conduct might be sustained. Her habits and surroundings are such as to contaminate the social atmosphere in the home where she resides and to bring right-living and womanlyness into public contempt. Possibly it would be a good thing to displace the neighborhood from which she hails by calling her to account before a proper tribunal.

YESTERDAY'S YACHT RACE.

Yesterday the Valkyrie and Vigilant drifted over the 20-mile course in their race for the great American cup and without crossing the finish line were towed by tug to their docks. The collapse of this notable race is disappointing to the public and must be doubly so to those directly interested in the result. From the press dispatches it would seem that had there been a fair and favoring breeze the English clipper would have slipped away from the Vigilant and won with ease. There was no wind and the two perfect models of symmetry idly rolled with the stiff breeze and could not make the course within the prescribed time limit. It is said by those who assume to know about such things that the Valkyrie was handled in a much more skillful

fashion than her rival. Criticism is freely volunteered that the skipper of the Vigilant did not appear to know how to take advantage of favorable turns of the wind. Attention is called to the fact that he hurried his shipmaker at an inopportune time and neglected to set it when a freshly risen breeze would have given him almost motionless craft a sharp spin ahead. Whatever may have been the mistakes of the Vigilant's commander it is conceded that the most skillful sailing could not have availed to win the race. The exhibition yesterday was indisputably more to the credit of the English than the American yacht. Saturday the relative speed, seamanship and sailing capacity of the boats and crews will be tested again and it will not be prudent to bank altogether on the Valkyrie.

COMPROMISE THE TARIFF.

If the democrats would propose a compromise for hard times in fact instead of attempting to deceive the workmen by a compromise on silver which would inspire the people with confidence. For instance the workmen are apprehensive that the repeal of McKinley bill will close every protected workshop. The manufacturers declare that no other result will attend the repeal of the McKinley bill. A few theoretical free traders in Congress refuse to listen to these expressions of fear for the future. Now here is a chance for compromise. Why not agree that the free traders postpone their onslaught on the McKinley bill until March 1, 1897? At that time the workmen will have a chance to register their second convictions on the subject of free trade. That would be a compromise worth considering. We have been very prosperous under protection. Hard times did not arrive until after the free traders assumed control. The fear of free trade has paralyzed every American industry. Let's compromise! Say to manufacturers and workmen that the tariff will not be disturbed until after another presidential election is held. Prosperity will return with a rush. The free on the cold and dark hearth will be rekindled. The music of whizzing wheels will fill the air. Nobody will be concerned about the senate and silver. Everybody will be in quest of enterprise and enthusiasm. If the democrats want to compromise to the end that prosperity may return a compromise on the tariff is the compromise to propose.

VOORHIES has again promised to close the silver debate. Beginning next Tuesday or Wednesday a continuous session will be ordered and in his opinion the senate will get to a vote inside of 50 hours. No other legislative body in the world would permit itself to be driven to such a disgraceful test of brute endurance. It would seem as though men of intelligence ought to appreciate the humiliating spectacle which will be presented by a continuous session.

THERE is one source of relief for a few men who need work which has not been much discussed. Why not place a half dozen men at work in the potter's fields of the cemeteries of the city and make those burial places for the unfortunate of the world decent? The cemetery commissioners have a considerable sum of money that might be expended in fixing up those places and give work to a number of men for the next month.

According to the decision of a Cincinnati judge, bucket-shops are legal and the keepers cannot be indicted. He holds it to be class legislation to exempt dealing in margins done under the protection of a board of trade. The war waged against the bucket-shops is an outgrowth of a sentiment which scorns a petty wrong, but admires a gigantic one.

Every day the public is assured by the Associated Press papers that the public has no interest in the war now being waged against its sturdy young rival by the old mossback. What on earth do they keep prating about it for?

For persistency in its most persistent form, Admiral Mele's bombardment of Rio Janeiro finds a parallel only in the continued conversation of the United States senate.

They are dead in earnest in Kansas. An Emporia democrat has bolted the party because the administration refuses to make changes in the federal offices.

Now that Governor Boies has addressed "a large and enthusiastic audience" in Knoxville, Iowa, it is safe to assert that the campaign is on.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND's new rule to devote less time to office seekers won't affect Michigan any. The referees already have everything they want.

JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN and his monodic act from England yesterday. Neither one would give out a syllable on politics. "Not a word, don't you know."

So soon as nobody is killed at a democratic convention, the party newspapers speak of it as unusually harmonious.

Nonpareil republicans are awake to the real causes of our adversity, and they state them with incisive force.

MR. CARPENTER has accomplished the seemingly impossible. He has explained his own silver policy.

EXERCISE vigilance in the price of liberty and a well-armed Vigilant is essential to beat the Valkyrie.

WAS A DEADLY SHOT

Hill Killed His Mother-in-Law Instantly.

FATALLY WOUNDED HIS WIFE

He Was Trying to Settle Differences With His Wife and a Quarrel Ended With Fatal Results.

WATERLOO, Ohio, Oct. 5.—Some time ago W. K. Hill and wife of Buntown, this county, separated, he going north to a farm, while she returned to her parents. He retained possession of their only child, a girl, but during his absence her mother took her away. Hill returned yesterday and going to his wife's home tried to get her to live with him again. She refused and a quarrel resulted, in which his mother-in-law, Mrs. Samuel Black, took part. Hill finally drew a revolver and shot her, killing her instantly, and then turned the weapon on his wife, the bullet entering her right ear, she fell fatally wounded. The murderer escaped and up to noon today was still at large, although the country was being scoured by neighbors and officers.

Lost With All on Board.

MOBILE, Ala., Oct. 5.—The schooner Alice Graham, Captain Graham, which left here Sunday night for Portersville, having on board Miss Susie Herron, a school teacher, has been wrecked and Captain Graham, Miss Herron, and the mate, name unknown, were lost. These were all the souls on board the schooner.

Will Resume.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 4.—The plans for the reorganization of the Wisconsin Marine and Fire Insurance Company bank are rapidly taking definite shape and the bank will probably be reopened at an early day.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

There was a warm and enthusiastic audience in The Powers' last evening to witness a spectacular production of "The Lights and Shadows of the Great Rebellion," by a local company. Words are quite inadequate to describe the bewitching beauty of the scene-shifting, which form a considerable part of the shadows of the play. Nor indeed are there words to describe the range of emotion required in the parts assigned to the musketeers. By far the most truly dramatic scene is that in which the hospital corps removes a dead body from the battlefield. In this scene the stretcher rises to the full opportunity presented for a play upon the emotions. The stretcher is injured in the battle. It appeared to be one of the scenes of the play, and great expectations were aroused of some brilliant bursts of dramatic fervor later on, but fate decreed otherwise. The Admiral, by Cigarette, was the heavy-faced program star of the cast. It is no exaggeration to say that the Admiral's part was well sustained. As a whole, the play was received with every evidence of delight by the audience. That being the test of success it must be admitted that the piece scored an immediate (if not sooner) hit. It will not be repeated here again this season. Numerous requests for a repetition were made in the repeated encores, but it is probable that we shall not be favored with the brilliant success until another year. It is sad to contemplate, but it cannot be helped.

Ethel Grey in the part of "Nanna" at Smith's this week discovers real dramatic power. She will yet be heard from in other roles in the legitimate. The Earle sisters, three captivating dancers, are the first attraction in the olio. After them come the Burks in an instructive bout with the gloves, illustrating the different degrees of pugilistic skill. Next week the Little Clay burlesques will hold the boards.

When a person has heard the musical specialities of the Nosa family once he is prepared to speak in high terms of them. A second hearing confirms one's good opinion—but the comedy part of the entertainment is calculated to make one feel as he has never before. The comedian dives into the trough of the sea.

"Nora Macree" is booked for tomorrow night in The Powers. It is an Irish play with the conventionalities omitted. It is said to abound in rollicking songs and dances, in which Clara Coleman is the principal figure.

Monday evening Lockery hall will be brilliant with light and resonance with music. On that occasion, Frank Wurzburg's band will give a grand concert for the benefit of the Charity Organization society.

Amelia Glover, the queen of American dancers, will be seen with Russell's comedians in The Powers next Monday night.

May Russell's burlesque company appears next week in The Grand.

ASKS THEM TO ATTEND.

Mayor Stuart Asks Citizens to Attend the Charity Concert.

The following appeal to citizens to patronize the charity concert and ball to be given by Wurzburg's band in Lockery hall next Monday night was issued by Mayor Stuart yesterday:

GRAND RAPIDS, Oct. 5, 1905.  
 To the Citizens of Grand Rapids:  
 I have noticed with pleasure that Wurzburg's band has kindly volunteered to give a ball and concert at Lockery hall on Monday evening, October 10. The entire proceeds to be devoted to our destitute sick. There is no worthy object, and as the gross receipts will be turned over to the Charity Organization society for distribution there will be no question, but the very best of what they will do the most good. I sincerely hope that every citizen that possibly can do so will see to it that this effort is made a grand success by personal attendance or at least by the purchase of tickets. Respectfully,  
 WILLIAM J. STUART.

Mrs. Hitzema Is Dead.

Mrs. Hitzema, the woman who was so horribly burned about the face, arms and hands by gasoline on Ottawa street a few weeks ago, died of blood poisoning at the C. H. A. home late Wednesday night. Before the progress of this affliction was begun the patient was attended by a high fever and continued to grow worse until she was released by death.

MARRIAGE.

Wednesday evening the residence of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Perrine of No. 105 James street was the scene of a pleasant gathering of intimate friends to witness the marriage of their eldest daughter, Miss Lena, to H. L. Mann of Springfield, Illinois. The bride was attended by her sisters, Misses Margarette and Anna,

with her brothers, Messrs. J. S. Perrine and L. L. Perrine, as groomsmen. The Rev. Dan E. Bradley, pastor of Park congregational church, performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Mann will spend a week at the world's fair and after visiting relatives will live in Springfield, Illinois.

Candidates for Poor Director.

At the October session of the board of supervisors, which begins next Tuesday, a county superintendent of the poor will be elected to succeed Henry Mitchell, the present incumbent. Mr. Mitchell has served one term of three years and so far as known has been a clean, conscientious official. He is a candidate for re-election, and has as his competitors for the position Nelson R. Rich of Oakland, an ex-director, and ex-supervisor Oliver L. Watkins of Granton. All are strong candidates and the board may find some difficulty in making a selection. The republicans have a majority on the board of supervisors, but politics seldom influences the election of a director of the poor, all qualifications being equal. Mr. Mitchell is a democrat and Rich and Watkins are republicans.

Young Men's Election.

The young men's congress of the Young Men's Christian association resumed its sessions last evening in the Young Men's Christian association building. The election of officers occupied much of the evening. The officers chosen were:  
 Speaker—E. E. Stanton.  
 Vice Speaker—George S. Root.  
 Clerk—Louis Terry.  
 Assistant Clerk—John B. Martin.  
 Sergeant-at-Arms—Henry J. Hartman.  
 Chaplain—J. M. Shriver.  
 The following executive committee was appointed: John R. Cox, C. S. Ward, J. R. Taylor.  
 The congress will meet every Thursday evening.

St. Cecilia Meeting.

The first meeting of the St. Cecilia society will be held in the club house of the Ladies' Literary society at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. The treasurer will be in the club house at 1 o'clock to receive members' tickets. One of the concerts in the artists' recital course will be given by Madame Materna, December 16. The afternoon will be given to Wagnerian interpretation. Materna was one of the chief soloists at Bayreuth, and created the part of Brunnhilde.

Will Lecture on Elementary Science.

J. W. Matthews, instructor in science in the high school, will give a lecture before the K. S. L. tonight in the new lecture room in the Central building on "Elementary Science in the Lower Grades," a subject which Mr. Matthews has been specializing lately. Persons not members of the institute are invited to be present.

Where Michigan Boys Fought.

The committee appointed to mark the position of the Michigan troops in the battles of Chickamauga and Mission Ridge will leave for Chattanooga over the G. R. & I. the evening of October 16. Among the members are L. L. Church of Greenville, E. A. Crane of Kalamazoo and C. E. Belknap and Col. P. V. Fox of this city.

She Finished Eighth.

Several well-known local sporting men went to Chicago Wednesday to back Lou Haskell's mare, Maid of the Mist, which was entered in a Hawthorne race. Among them were Mr. Haskell, C. M. Watters and F. E. Hodges. Maid of the Mist was a 15 to 1 shot and finished eighth in a field of nine horses.

Transferring the Flowers.

City florist Vence Cukienksi is at work transferring the flowers and foliage now in the beds in the city parks to the green house in John Ball park. Mr. Cukienksi recently spent a week in Chicago and the world's fair. He says he received many valuable pointers from the park commissioners while in Chicago.

Fire From a Lamp.

A lamp exploded last evening at 6:50 in the residence of J. H. McDonald at No. 451 Lyon street and the house was set on fire. A alarm was turned in from box No. 453, but the building was damaged to the extent of \$50 and the loss on furniture was estimated at the same amount.

Stopped on His Way Home.

P. D. Underwood of St. Paul, general manager of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie road, was in the city yesterday. He returned from the east in his private car and went north over the G. R. & I. last evening. He called at the general offices of the local roads while in the city.

Services for the Poor.

Sunday afternoon services are being held at the Kent county home as regularly as the directors of the poor can secure a minister to conduct them. The directors are now looking for some one to fill the appointment next Sunday.

Work in the Country.

Several places are open in the country for men who are willing to work on a farm. The charity society has a place for a single man at Evans, Michigan; also a place for a man and his wife near village of Evans.

Knight Will Marry Her.

Willard L. Knight, who was arrested a few days ago on complaint of Margaret Westra, charging him with seduction and breach of promise, has taken out a marriage license and will marry Miss Westra.

On the Hotel Register.

MONTGOMERY, E. O. Shaw, Newaygo; Horace B. Peak, Kalamazoo; J. D. Harrington, Ludington; George E. Dowling, Monticello; F. W. Mosley, Saginaw; Mr. and Mrs. Orren Scott, Detroit; H. D. Hull, Traverse City.

SWERTS—M. J. Rogan, Detroit; Ray G. McDonald, Lowell; A. A. Ward, Marshall; Rosh J. Shank, Lansing; F. B. Clark, Detroit; P. A. DeWitt, Spring Lake.

NEW LIVES—Harry H. Cook, Holland; James Muir, Cassio; A. F. Pontman, Battle Creek; G. J. Robin, Muskegon; H. H. Skinner, Detroit; Elizabeth Jones, Holland.

ENGLIS—Mrs. F. L. Curtis, Newaygo; C. W. Moore, Douglas; L. A. Phelps, Naugatuck; J. B. Watson, Corvallis; H. L. Welch, Douglas; J. Howard, Detroit.

KENT—G. M. Critter, Manistowick; C. Bennett, Petoskey; Miss Wood, Charlevoix; W. J. Baker, Ludington; Jacob Hiner, Benton Harbor; W. H. Curry, Bay City.

HARVEY STRONG—W. H. Gordon, Ottawa; A. R. Merriam, Hastings; H. M. Wilson, Big Rapids; James Denio, Grand Haven; W. H. Williams, Muskegon; H. P. McElroy, Belding.

IS AN UNHOLY BILL

Colored Congressmen Denounce Repeal of the Election Laws.

IT GIVES THEM FAIR ELECTIONS

Its Repeal Would Untie the Hands of Ballot-Box Stuffers and Scoundrels.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.—After routine business, the house then resumed consideration of the federal election repeal bill, and Mr. Murray concluded his speech in favor of the retention of the laws upon the statute books. He criticized the election methods of the state of South Carolina and declared that the presence of federal supervisors at the polls was necessary to secure fair and free elections. Their presence prevented the evasion or the violation of the law. This is the most odious and diabolical bill that has been reported to the house for thirty years. It has been conceived in sin and brought forth in iniquity. He appealed to his friends from the north not to vote for this legitimate but unholy offspring of state sovereignty. He appealed to them not to untie the hands of the ballot box stuffers and of the scoundrels. He appealed to the republicans everywhere to resist this nefarious measure with all their power and thought for the time being. The republican banner may be trailing in the dust, the nation would triumphantly raise it again and march to its haven of prosperity, citizenship and victory. [Applause.]

Repeal Advocated.

Mr. Russell was the next speaker and his argument was in favor of repeal. He would wipe from the statute books all these election laws. It was said that they were a back number. They were not. They were a lively issue, just as much as they had been at the day when they were passed and struck down the liberties of the people. The democrat party was bound to succeed in this struggle. The laws were infamous and must be repealed.

Mr. Money then reviewed the constitutions of the various states as they existed after the war to show that no state could throw the first stone at Mississippi. Each state was mentioned and champion arose and there was a good deal of merriment. Mr. Money bore himself admirably and was ready for all questions, and the greatest good humor prevailed. He declared that the democrat party had pledged itself to the repeal of the federal election laws.

Mr. Pickler interrupted Mr. Money to suggest that President Cleveland had called congress in extraordinary session for a certain purpose.

Mr. Money replied that though that might be correct, when congress got here it did not ask Mr. Cleveland what it would do.

Mr. Pickler—Yes, it does.

"No, it does not," was Mr. Money's retort.

Mr. Haines opposed the measure. The house then at 5:35 o'clock adjourned until tomorrow at 11 o'clock.

STATE PRESS SENTIMENT.

If silver is to be coined now is the time to establish a basis. If it is to be maintained at a parity with gold why not establish a ratio between the two metals at present instead of waiting indefinitely? Two thirds of those who advocate unconditional repeal concede the necessity of using silver for a circulating medium. Let a safe ratio be provided, and let the so-called Sherman act be amended rather than repealed.—Bay City Tribune.

The nineteen silverites in the United States senate continue yet to block national business and the repeal of the Sherman coinage act seems as far off as ever. The majority should force a vote and at once repeal the bill. The business of the country is impatiently waiting this action.—Greenville Independent.

Senator McMillan's speech in the senate was that of a practical, level-headed business man, who knew what he was talking about and was embarrassed by no fine-spun theories which evolved without that reliable knowledge which survives the test of a thorough experience.—Detroit Free Press.

When a body like the senate of the United States becomes so wedded to its traditions or so exalted in its own esteem as to hold material courtesy superior to the expressed will of the people it has greatly impaired if not entirely destroyed its usefulness.—Detroit Free Press.

Senator McMillan of Michigan has one level idea in his head. He favors the convertible bond plan of exchanging bonds for currency. It is the most sensible bill that has thus far been presented in congress.—Kalamazoo Gazette.

Possibly the knowledge that the shrewd celestial will soon find their way across the border into the states is the real secret of the Canadian government's refusal to restrict Chinese immigration.—Detroit Tribune.

If the people had an opportunity, they would speedily dispose of that repeal bill, and they would do quite as intelligently as the senate is likely to do.—Cedar Springs Clipper.

Force that repeal bill to a final vote and do it now! Stop these daily exhibitions of lunacy and let the rights and power of the majority be asserted!—Detroit Journal.

The Brazilian people are fighting for a change. Hope it won't be a disastrous change in this country.—Kalamazoo Telegraph.

The disadvantages of being "in" were never more strikingly illustrated than in the case of the present administration.—Kalamazoo Gazette.

Will Vote on Bond Issue.

JACKSON, Mich., Oct. 4.—The common council has decided to submit to a vote of the people on October 23 a proposition to bond the city for \$200,000 to extend the water mains. The extensions are needed and it was deemed advisable to appropriate enough money to lay all pipe needed at once, and by doing so to relieve to some extent the sufferings of workmen during the coming winter by giving work to the unemployed.

Alderman Stein has returned from the world's fair. He says he saw all there was to be seen, rode the camels and donkeys in the street in Cairo and took a whirl in the Ferris wheel.

P. R. Perrine and family of No. 105 James street will leave today for a week's visit at the White city.

Dr. Taylor of Bancroft has a team of "breeding dogs" that made a half mile in fifty-six seconds.



It's the acknowledged authority on all kinds of Boys' Youths' and Children's Clothing. It's the outcome of our efforts to bring brighter times. It's the greatest and best Children's Outfitting Department in the city of Grand Rapids. They all tell us so and they've been the rounds. Why shouldn't we deserve it? We were not weak kneed as were the other fellows, but bought all the finest goods and styles in the markets. They're here as evidence. They're all talking for us.

See the beautiful Long Pants Suits for boys from 13 to 18 years, black chevrons, double and single-breasted from \$10 to \$15. The fancy Scotch Suits, wool lined, from \$10 to \$15. Immense variety of strong Cassimere Suits for school wear, \$6 to \$10. Good heavy School Suits, \$4 to \$5. Boys' all wool School Suits, double seats and knees for hard wear, \$3.

FOR SHORT POCKETBOOKS.

Good heavy Suits for \$1, trim and neat as you please. Refusers, in fancy Scotches, chevrons and chinchillas, an exceeding fine line from \$5 to \$10.

BOYS' OVERCOATS—There isn't an equal anywhere in Michigan to our styles and varieties.

Have you seen the latest swell garment for the little fellows, viz: the new double cape, ages 6 to 3, in all fashionable fabrics. For big boys we have the long cut, London swell styles in Kerseys, Irish Frieze, etc.

STORM COATS for large boys at all prices to suit.

When the buying hour comes do not fail to see our wonderful aggregation of superb qualities. All the novelties are here.

**Houseman and Jones**  
 AND JONES  
 MANUFACTURERS AND RETAILERS OF  
**RELIABLE CLOTHING**  
 34 - 36 - 38 - MONROE - ST.

To the Man Who Wants To Buy a Trotting Horse

The following advertisement will not be particularly interesting, but every hunter will read with pleasure and profit what we have to tell about our

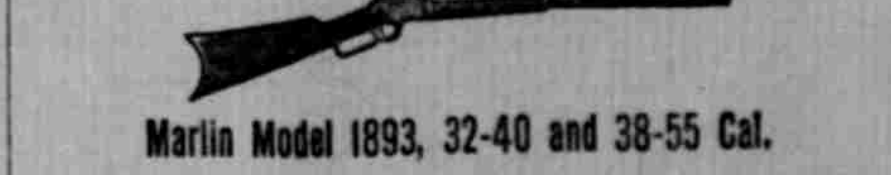
RIFLES!



Winchester Model 1886, 38-56, 40-82, 45-70, 45-90, and 50-110 Cals. Winchester Model 1873, 38 and 44 Cal.



Winchester Model 1892, 32.40 and 38-40 Cals. Winchester Model 1890, 22 Cal.



Marlin Model 1893, 32-40 and 38-55 Cal.

We carry above with round barrels and octagon barrels, so we can please you which ever you may want. There is very little need of saying more about these goods as every sportsman knows that they are the best in the market.

**FOSTER & STEVENS**  
 & CO.  
 MONROE ST.